REFERENCE THIS: SANDBOX EVASION USING VBA REFERENCING



WHOAREWE

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- 28 years old from Tel-Aviv.
- BSC in Computer Science, BA in Psychology from TAU.
- Formerly researched Exploit Kits at Check Point.
- Skate, swim, guitar.

Aviv Grafi CEO, Votiro

- Graduate of Israeli Army's elite 8200 intelligence unit.
- Over 15 years of experience in telecommunications and InfoSec.
- Inventor of Votiro's enterprise protection solutions.
- BSC in Computer Science, BA in economics, MBA from TAU.
- Sushi, running, quiet walks along the beach.

ABSTRACT

Sandbox had become a standard security solution in organizations nowadays which makes it a prime target.

This talk will demonstrate a new way to perform sandbox evasion.

In contrast to common evasion techniques, our technique doesn't require code execution to detect the sandbox environment.

ABSTRACT

Evasion



Detection



Sandbox Evasion techniques

VBA Referencing

Sandbox-user Differences

Server-Side Sandbox Detection

RELEVANT BACKGROUND

We assume familiarity with the following concepts:

1

2

VBA macros

Office Protected View

3

4

Sandbox solutions

Tracking pixels

SANDBOX EVASION

With the introduction of the sandbox, malware authors have introduced Sandbox Evasion.

The term is used to describe all the techniques utilized to identify a sandbox, trick it, manipulate it and evade it.



SANDBOX EVASION TECHNIQUES

Detect the sandbox: detect virtualization

Hypervisor, Virtualization DLLs, Side channels, unusual hardware

Detect the sandbox: Artificial Environment

Username, Cookies and browser history, recent file count, screen resolution, Old vulnerabilities, Running processes



SANDBOX EVASION

```
E:\pafish\pafish\Output\MingW\pafish.exe
* Pafish (Paranoid fish) *
Some anti(debugger/VM/sandbox) tricks
used by malware for the general public.
[*] Windows version: 6.2 build 9200
[*] CPU: GenuineIntel
    Hypervisor: VBoxVBoxVBox
    CPU brand: Intel(R) Core(TM) i5-5200U CPU @ 2.20GHz
[-] Debuggers detection
[*] Using IsDebuggerPresent() ... OK
[-] CPU information based detections
[*] Checking the difference between CPU timestamp counters (rdtsc) ... OK
[*] Checking the difference between CPU timestamp counters (rdtsc) forcing VM ex
it ... traced!
[*] Checking hypervisor bit in cpuid feature bits ... OK
[*] Checking cpuid hypervisor vendor for known VM vendors ... traced!
[-] Generic sandbox detection
[*] Using mouse activity ... OK
[*] Checking username ... OK
[*] Checking file path ... OK
[*] Checking common sample names in drives root ... OK
[*] Checking if disk size <= 60GB via DeviceIoControl() ... OK
[*] Checking if disk size <= 60GB via GetDiskFreeSpaceExA() ... OK
[*] Checking if Sleep() is patched using GetTickCount() ... OK
[*] Checking if NumberOfProcessors is < 2 via raw access ... traced!
[*] Checking if NumberOfProcessors is < 2 via GetSystemInfo() ... traced?
[*] Checking if pysical memory is < 1Gb ... traced!
[*] Checking operating system uptime using GetTickCount() ... traced!
[*] Checking if operating system IsNativeUhdBoot() ... OK
[-] Hooks detection
[*] Checking function ShellExecuteExW method 1 ... OK
[*] Checking function CreateProcessA method 1 ... OK
```

SANDBOX EVASION TECHNIQUES

Evade the sandbox: Defeat the Monitor

Remove hooks, work around hooks, delay execution

Evade the sandbox: Context Aware

Require user interaction, check date and time-zone, encrypted payload



SANDBOX EVASION

All of the mentioned techniques, require code execution (sandbox-side) in order to collect the data and analyze it.

As a result, most of these techniques can be identified by *static analysis tools* which will flag the file as suspicious prior to execution.

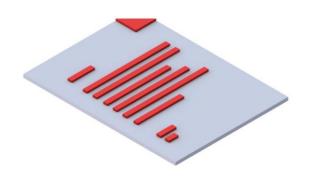
Furthermore, the actions executed to fingerprint the system are flagged as evasion techniques - which immediately raise a warning flag.



VBAREFERENCING

WHAT IS VBA REFERENCING?

In order to truly understand the capabilities of VBA macros, one must dive into the macros bible: MS-OVBA document.



[MS-OVBA]:

Office VBA File Format Structure
Intellectual Property Rights Notice for Open
Specifications Documentation

Technical Documentation. Microsoft publishes Open Specifications documentation for protocols, file formats, languages, standards as well as overviews of the interaction among each of these technologies.



MS-OVBA

The MS-OVBA, Office VBA File Format Structure, specifies the Office VBA File Format Structure, AKA **vbaProject.bin**.

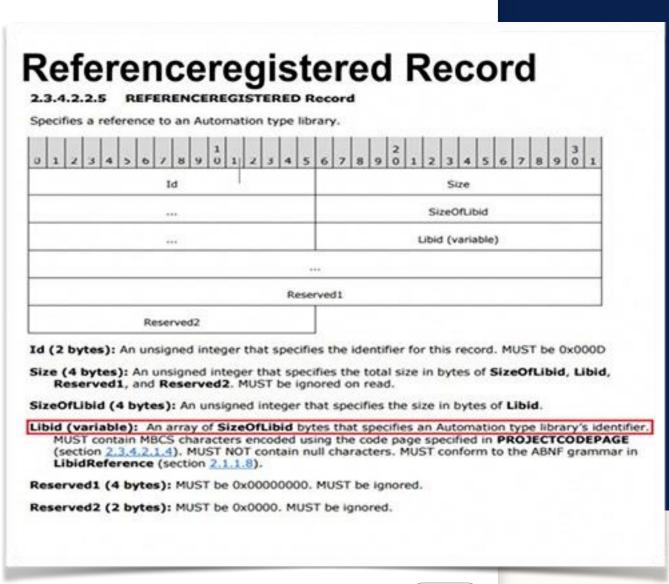
MS-OVBA specifies the structure of this binary and all of its features and attributes.



WE'RE NOT THE FIRST TO HUNT HERE

In "Analysis of the attack surface of Microsoft Office from user perspective" by Mr. Haifei Li, a RCE flaw in the VBA engine is shown.

It appears that VBA engine accepts a path to a remote .tlb file, which will be fetched and loaded into Word upon execution.





VBA REFERENCES

Another previously unexplored section of the MS-OVBA document is of PROJECTREFERENCES, which allows a VBA project to fetch and execute VBA macros, found in a remote project.

2.3.4.2.2. PROJECTREFERENCES Records

Specifies the external REFERENCES of the VBA project as a variably sized array of reference (section 2.3.4.2.2.1). The termination of the array is indicated by the beginning of PROJECTMODULES (section 2.3.4.2.3), with is indicated by a REFERENCE (section 2.3.4.2.2.1) being followed by an unsigned 16-bit integer with a value of 0x000F.

Offset	Siz	Structure	Value
000002 70	002 D	REFERENCENAME Record - NameRecord	
000002 70	000	unsigned integer - Id	0x0016
000002 72	000 4	unsigned integer - SizeOfName	0x00000008
000002 76	000 B	array of bytes - Name	VBAProject1
000002	000	unsigned integer - Reserved	0x003E
000002 83	000 4	unsigned integer - SizeOfNameUnicode	0x00000016
000002 87	001 6	array of bytes - NameUnicode	VBAProject1
000002 9D	006 4	REFERENCEPROJECT Record - ReferenceRecord[2]	
000002 9D	000	unsigned integer - Id	0x000E
000002 9F	000	unsigned integer - Size	0x0000005E
000002 N3	000 4	unsigned integer - SizeOfLibidAbsolute	0x00000030
000002 A7	003	array of bytes - LibidAbsolute	*\CC:\Example Path\Example-ReferencedProject.xls
000002	000	unsigned integer - SizeOfLibidRelative	0×00000020
000002 DB	002	array of bytes - LibidRelative	*\CExample-ReferencedProject.xis
00002 B	000	unsigned integer - MajorVersion	0x49A95F46

VBA REFERENCES

0000002 003 Array of bytes – *\cc:\Example Path\Example-A7 0 LibidAbsolute ReferenceProject.xls

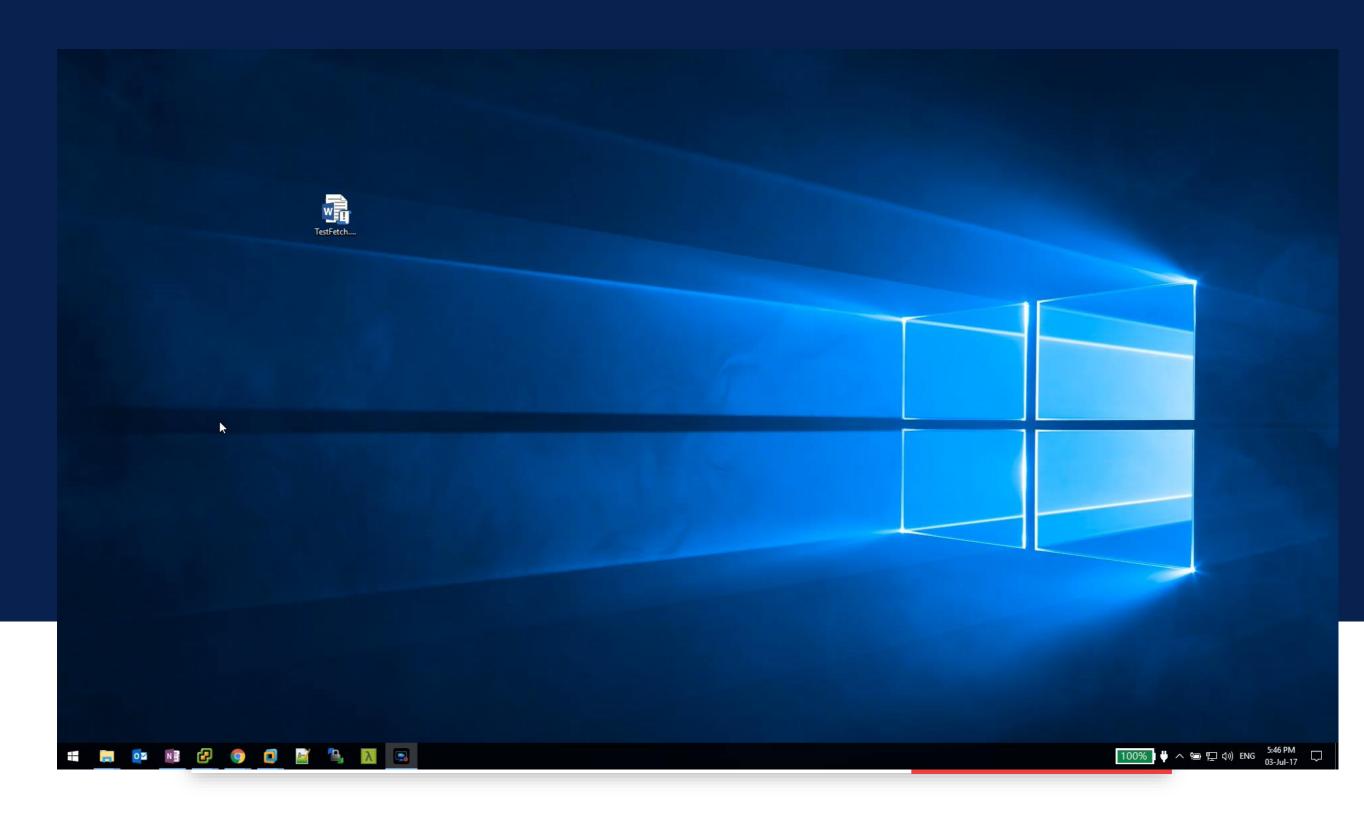
It appears as if one can provide an absolute(or relative) path to

an Office file and use its VBA project.

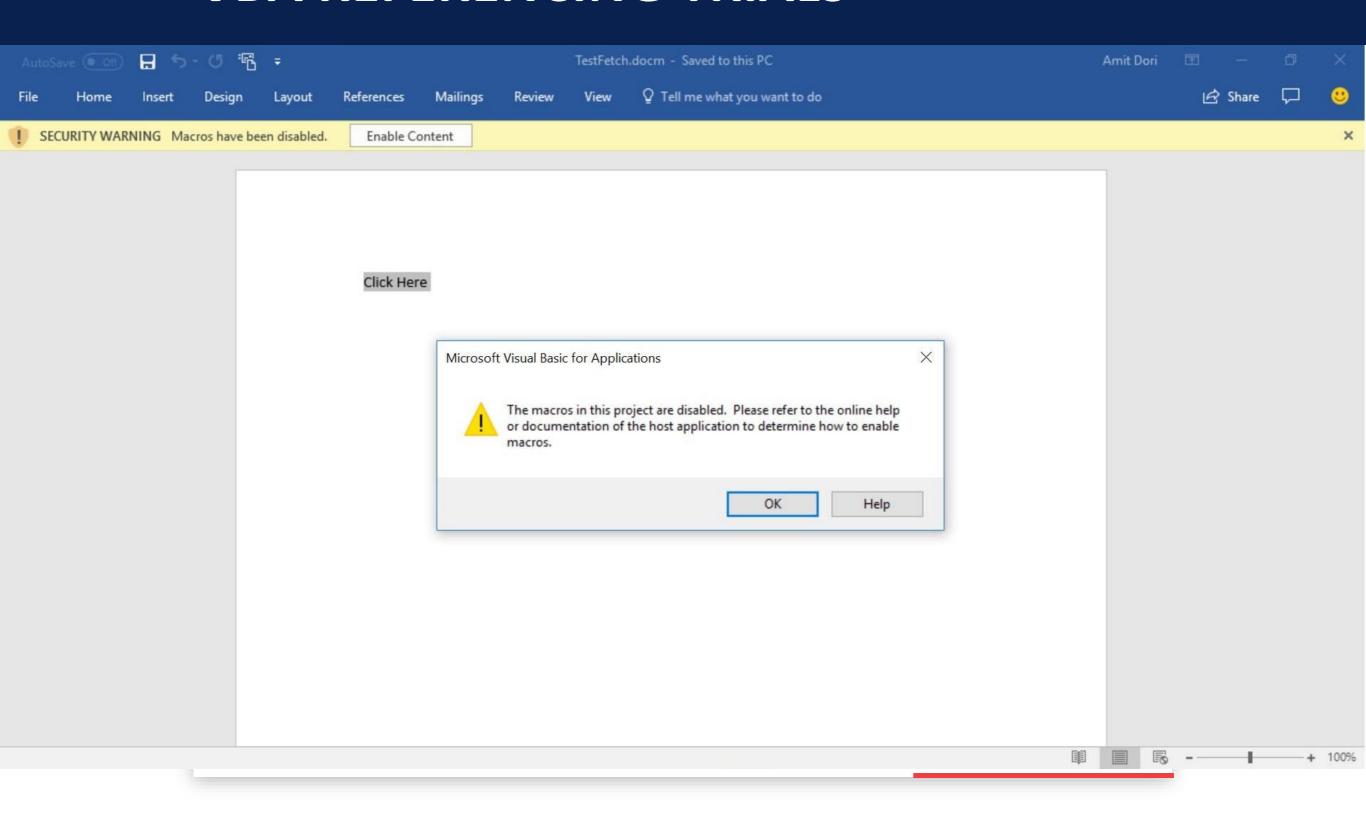


LET'S EXPLORE!

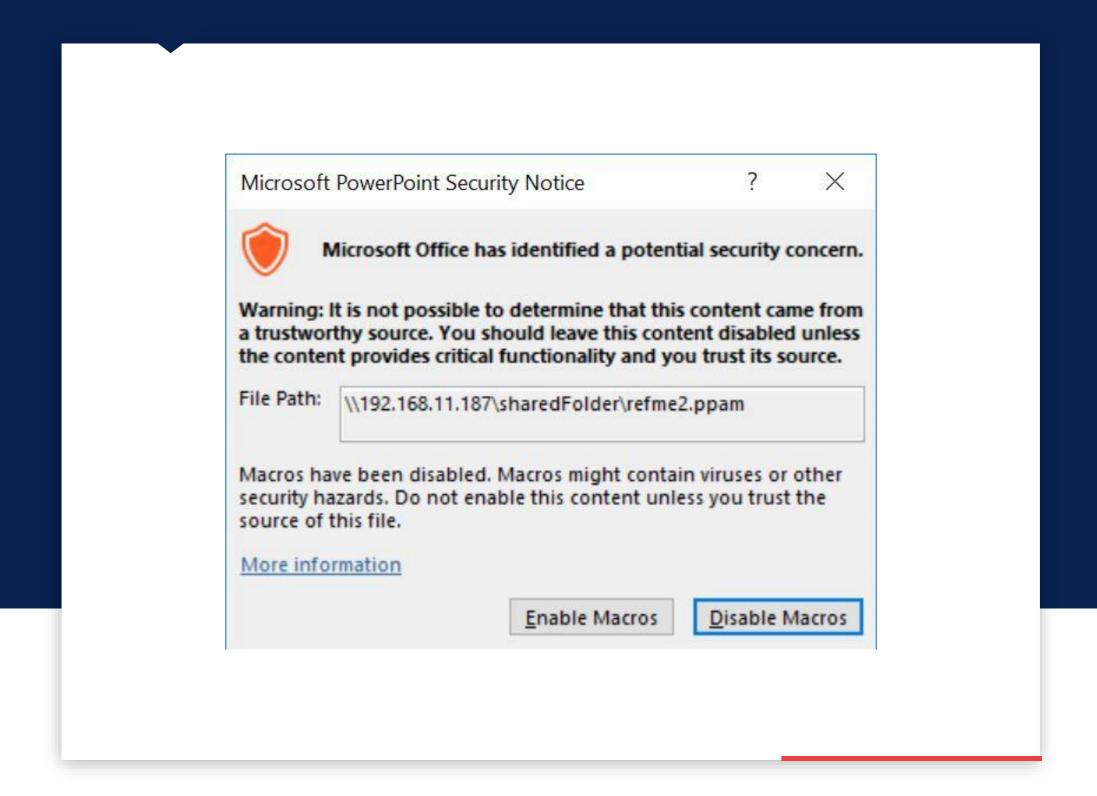
VBA REFERENCING TRIALS



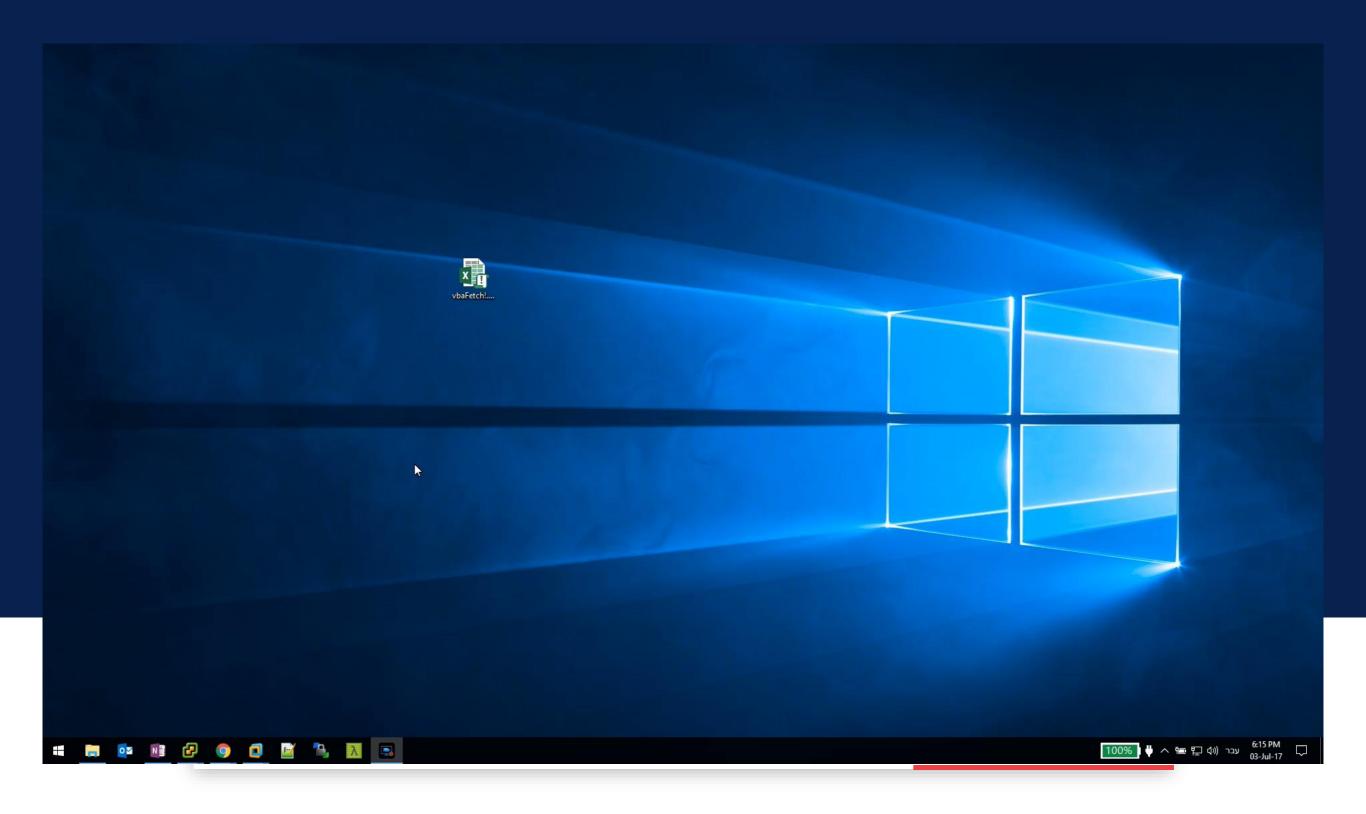
VBA REFERENCING TRIALS



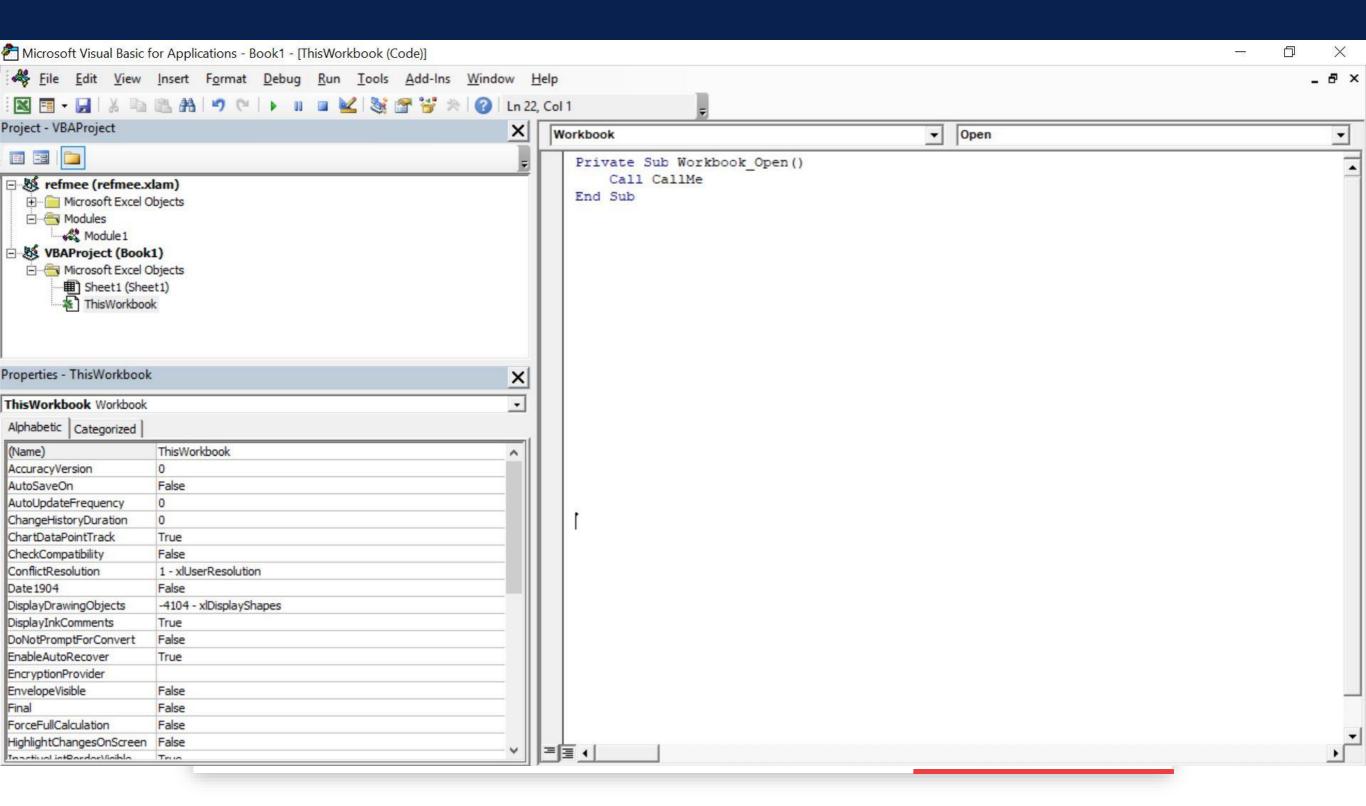
VBA REFERENCING TRIALS



VBA REFERENCING DEMO



VBA REFERENCING DEMO



VBA REFERENCING DEMO

It seems that VBA REFERENCING works, and is most silent in Excel.



CRAFTING AN ATTACK

STACKING IT UP

So, VBA projects can fetch code from remote VBA projects.

An attacker can create a document which will fetch a VBA project from his server.

Wouldn't it be very cool if we (as attackers) could identify the environment issuing the requests and respond accordingly?

SANDBOX AS A BOTTLENECK

In order to prevent this, a sandbox must be

AUTOMATIC

the process happens without interaction from users/admins

FAST

the sandbox uses a time limit alongside further optimizations.

SECURE-LESS

most security mitigations are disabled.



STACKING IT UP

So when a user opens a document with VBA referencing: **VBA** Disable **VBA** Engine Document **Protected** Referencing Load Open View occurs Sandbox have disabled Protected View in advance, so it looks like: **VBA** Disable **Document** VBA Engine **Protected** Referencing Load Open View occurs

STACKING IT UP

Protected View blocks macro execution until disabled.

In fact, it disables the VBA engine as a whole.

However, Protected View is not just for code!

It tackles various other objects from being loaded!



WHAT IS EXTERNAL CONTENT, AND WHY ARE WEB BEACONS A POTENTIAL THEREAT?

External content is any content that is linked from the Internet or an intranet to a workbook or presentation. Some examples of external content are images, linked media, data connections, and templates.

Hackers can use external content as Web beacons. Web beacons send back, or beacon, information from your computer to the server that hosts the external content. Types of Web beacons include the following:

Images - A hacker sends a workbook or presentation for you to review that contains images. When you open the file, the image is downloaded and information about the file is beaconed back to the external server.

Images in Outlook e-mail massages -Microsoft Office has its own mechanism for blocking external content in messages. This helps to protect against Web beacons that could others capture your email address. For more information, see Block or unbleock automatic picture downloads in email messages.

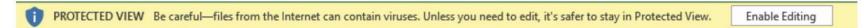
Linked media - A hacker sends you a presentation as an attachment in an email message. The presentation contains a media object, such as a sound, that is linked to an external server. When you open the presentation in Microsoft PowerPoint, the media object is played and in turn executes code that runs a malicious script that harms your computer.

Data connections - A hacker creates a workbook and sends it to you as an attachment in an email message. The workbook contains code that pulls data from or pushes data to a database. The hacker does not have permissions to the database, but you do. As a result, when you open the workbook in Microsoft Excel, the code executes and accesses the database by using your credentials. Data can be accessed or changed without your knowledge or consent.

STACKING IT UP

In order to provide protection to the user, Protected View loads objects in a specific order.

Considering Protected View is <u>enabled</u>, it will first load all non-executable objects (external content for example):



Only then it will prompt for the VBA engine and other executables:





STACKING IT UP

This is in complete contrast to what happens when Protected View is disabled. First, the VBA engine would load causing VBA referencing. SECURITY WARNING Macros have been disabled. **Enable Content** Then, the rest of the document's content would load. PROTECTED VIEW Be careful—files from the Internet can contain viruses. Unless you need to edit, it's safer to stay in Protected View. **Enable Editing**



SERVER-SIDE SANDBOX DETECTION

We plan on using this difference to detect the sandbox on the attacker's side.

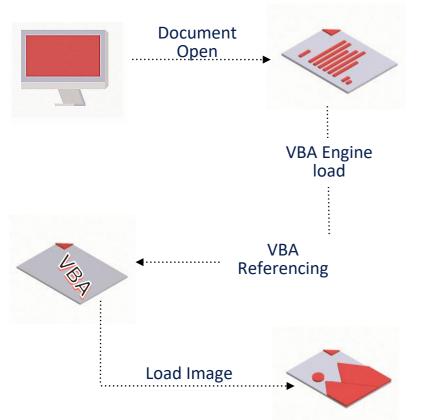
We chose to use a linked image, a sort of tracking pixel, which will serve as a "baseline".

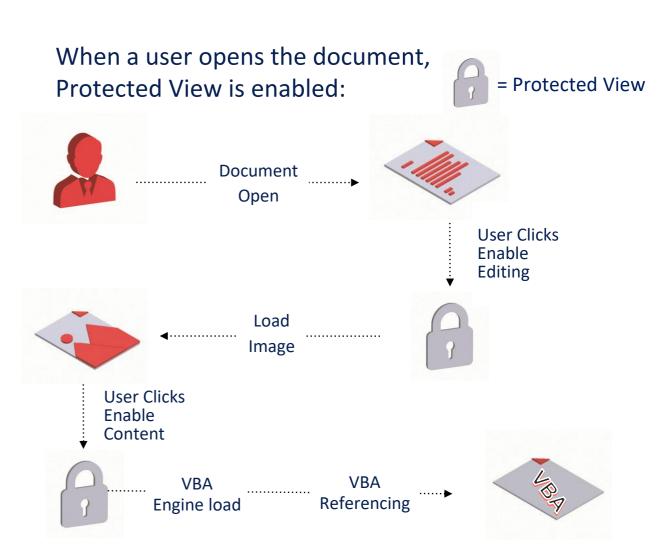


SERVER-SIDE SANDBOX DETECTION

With the addition of the tracking pixel, our detection scheme is done.

When a sandbox is used, Protected View is disabled:







SERVER-SIDE SANDBOX DETECTION

```
function detect(requests):
if requests[VBA code] is before requests[image]:
  return sandbox
else if requests[image] is before requests[VBA code]:
  return user
```



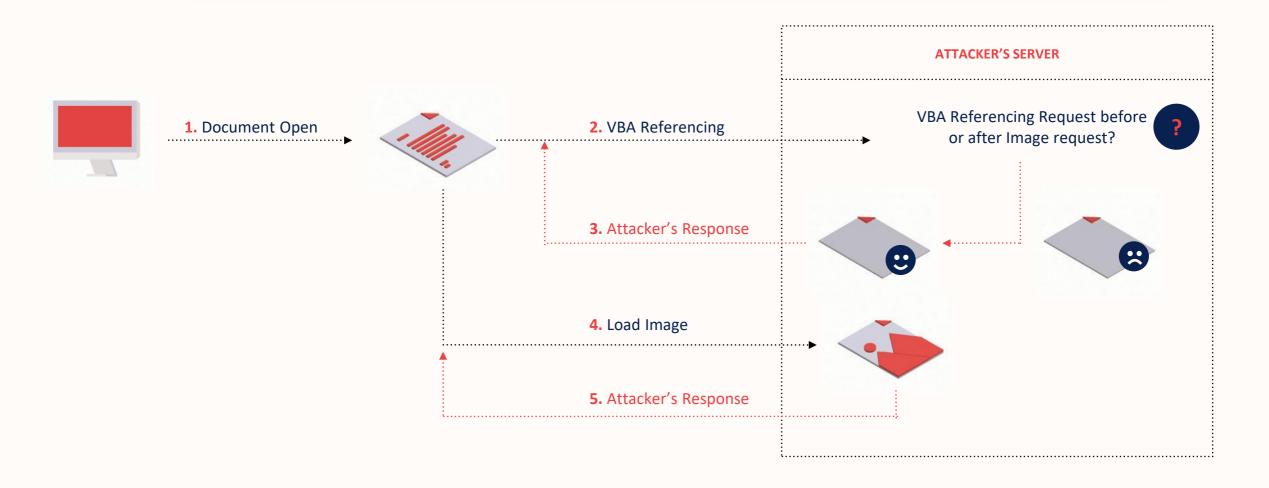
WEAPONIZING

```
function respond(verdict):
  if verdict is sandbox:
   return benign VBA project
  else if verdict is user:
   return malicious VBA project
```



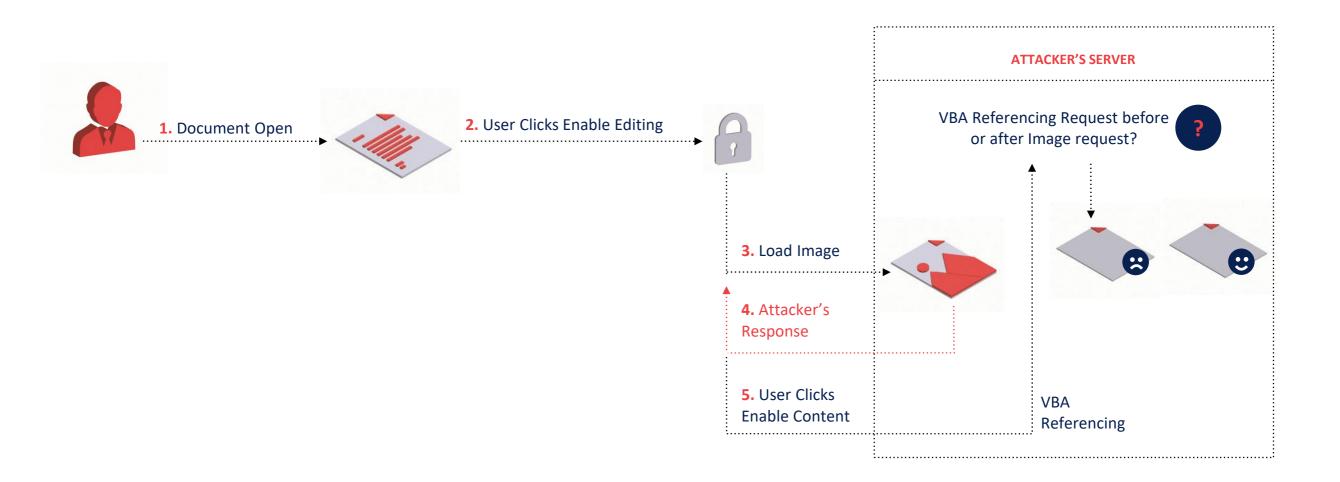
SANDBOX FLOW

Looking at this from a sandbox's point-of-view:

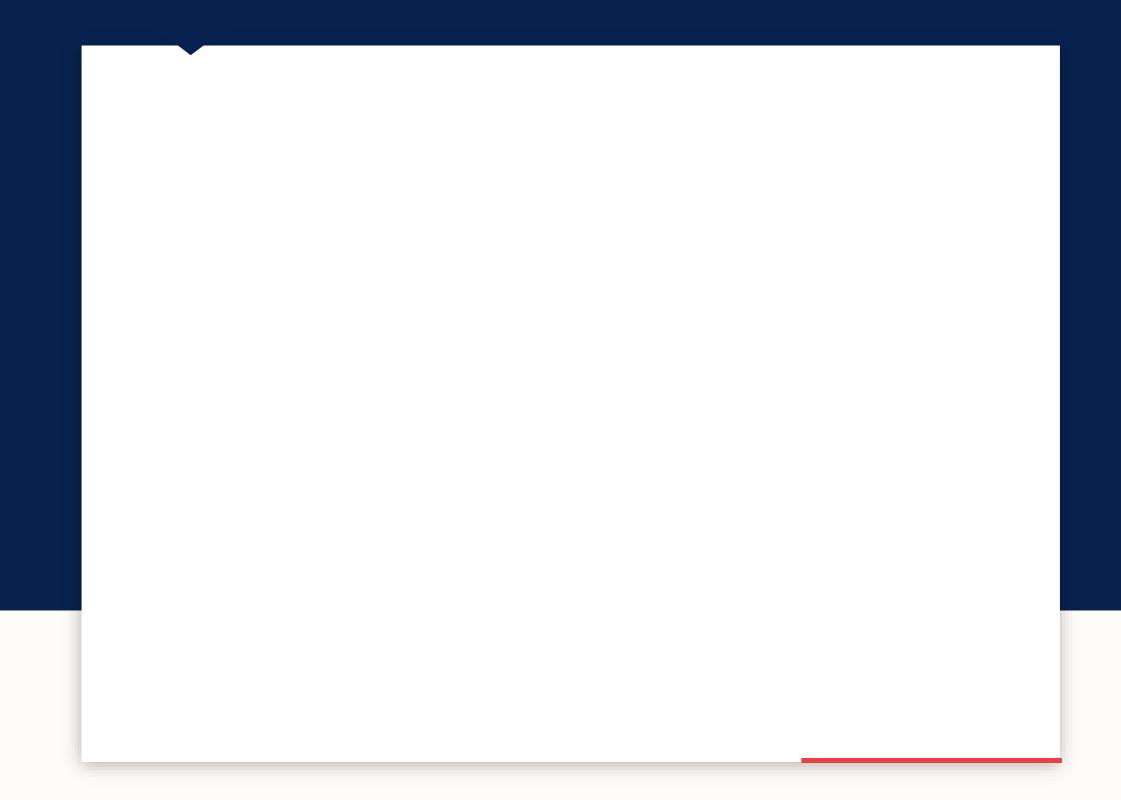


USER FLOW

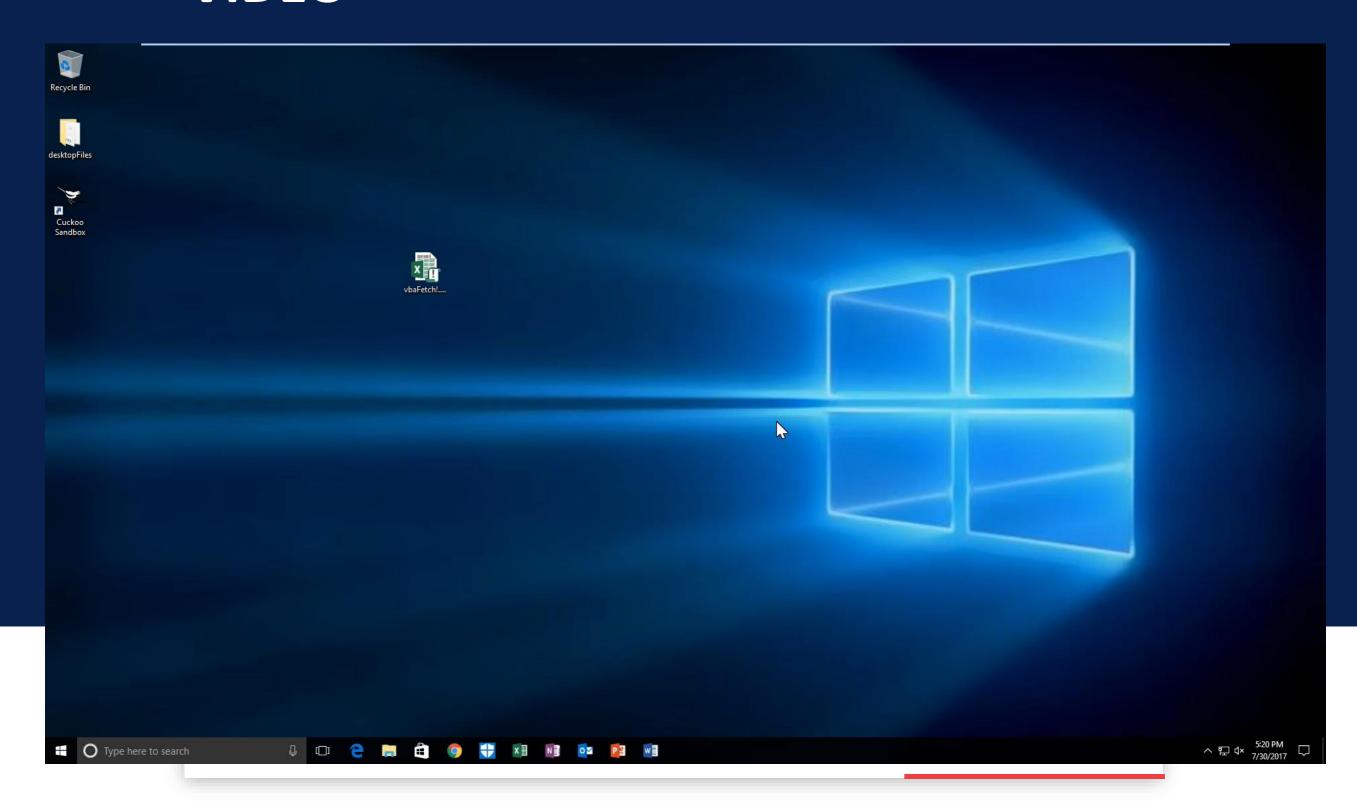
Looking at this from a user's point-of-view:



DEMO?



VIDEO



COMMERCIAL SANDBOX SOLUTIONS

We've tested 7 leading sandboxes against our evasion.

- All were evaded successfully
- Some block SMB on the sandbox... even better!
- Others didn't consider to inspect what came inbound on SMB
- There's more to test.. Consider PDF JavaScript referencing

MITIGATIONS

Block FTP / SMB inbound/outbound traffic on user

*Don't block FTP/SMB traffic in your sandbox, as you'll miss a lot of action

- Rethink your sandbox solution architecture design, might need to consider fundamental changes
- Consider restricting Internet access to Office products
- CDR Content disarm and reconstruction

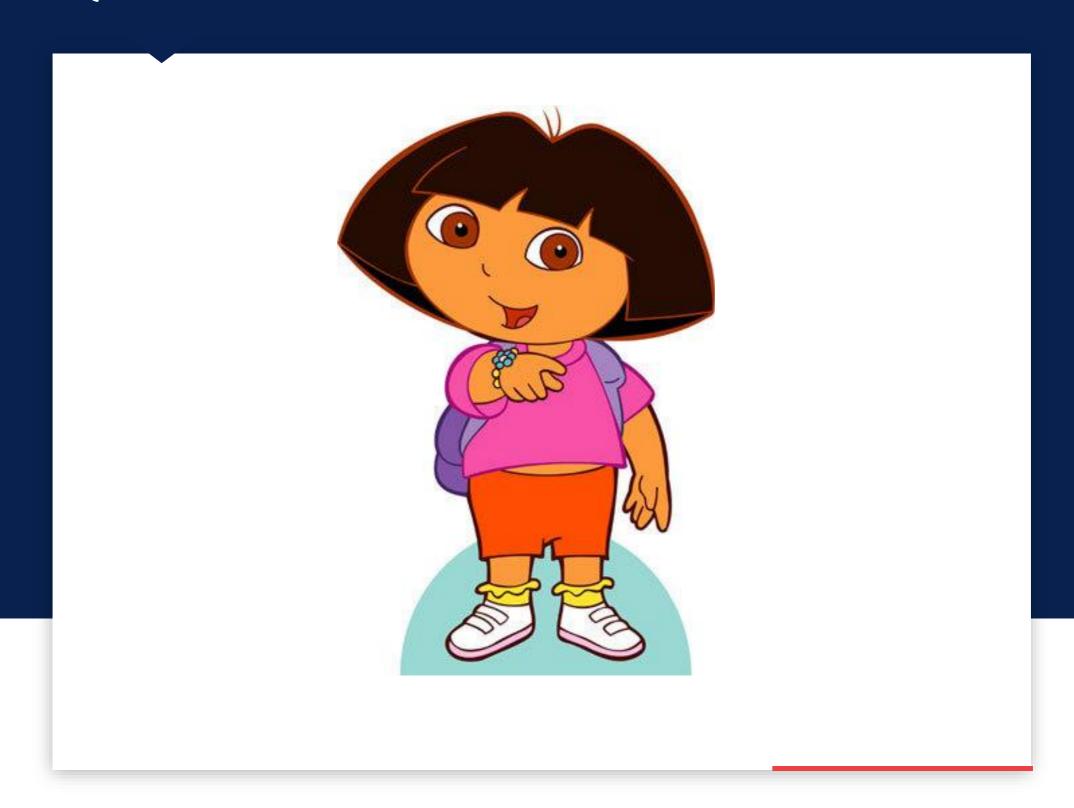
SUMMARY

- Sandbox has to dismiss Protected View to avoid becoming a bottleneck.
- VBA referencing enables us to fetch code from remote machines.
- combining these together we can take advantage of sandbox optimizations and VBA features to achieve <u>sandbox detection and</u> <u>evasion</u>.
- The whole process is using legitimate features of a sandbox and VBA. We didn't break anything.

SUMMARY

- Identifying key differences between user and sandbox behavior enables server-side sandbox detection
- By utilizing code referencing alongside such detection, one can achieve sandbox evasion
- Since sandboxes are trusted with high confidence, a successful sandbox evasion usually means user infection

QUESTIONS?



THANK YOU!

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