



# Exploiting Race Condition Vulnerabilities in Web Applications

Javan Rasokat – Application Security  
Specialist - Sage



# whoami

- Senior Application Security Specialist at Sage
- Ex-Pentester
- Lecturer for Secure Coding at DHBW University, Germany
- M. Sc. IT Security Management at Aalen University (Germany), CISSP, CCSP, CSSLP, GIAC GXPN
- Open Source Projects - <https://github.com/JavanXD>



Javan Rasokat



# Agenda

- Theory
  - What are Race Conditions?
  - Examples
  - Vulnerable PHP Code Snippet
- Vulnerable web app
  - Race condition attack scenarios
  - Secure-SDLC practices
- Attack tool
  - Proposed architecture
  - Research results
- Live Demo
- Conclusion



# Theory



## Race Condition – What?

*„A race condition is a flaw that produces an unexpected result when the timing of actions impact other actions.*

*An example may be seen on a multithreaded application where actions are being performed on the same data.*

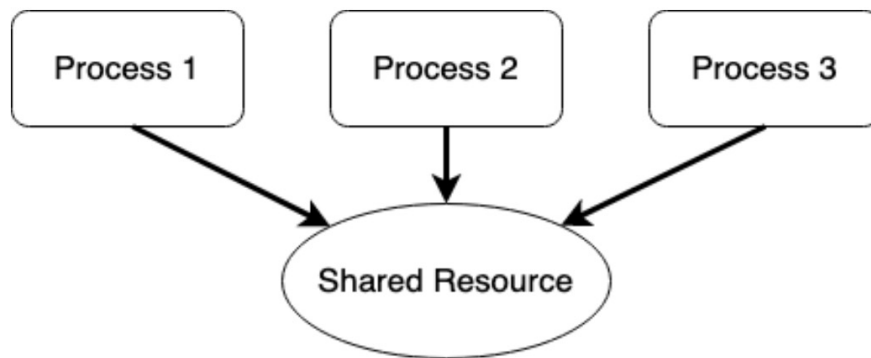
*Race conditions, by their very nature, are difficult to test for.” OWASP [Fou09b]*

*„Research Gap” MITRE [Cor06a]*



# Race Condition – Again, what?

Multiple threads access shared code, variables, or data simultaneously.



[Pan16]



Knock Knock  
Race Condition!  
Race Condition!  
Race Condition!  
Who is there?



# Why do I need to care?

For any actions on your application that may only be allowed to be performed in limited numbers.

- Bypassing anti-brute force mechanisms (e.g., login mechanism).
- Overdrawing limits (e.g., bank account).
- Multiple voting (e.g., online surveys).
- Multiple execution of transfers.
- Generation and redemption of coupon or discount codes.
- Anti-cross-site request forgery (CSRF) tokens.

There are plenty of other scenarios...







# Examples

How I Might Have Hacked Any Microsoft Account

https://thezerohack.com/how-i-might-hack-any-microsoft-account/

HOME HACKS / SECURITY MAKING MONEY ONLINE TECH TRICKS

Share

This article is about how I found a vulnerability on Microsoft online services that might have allowed anyone to takeover any Microsoft account without consent permission. Microsoft security team patched the issue and rewarded me \$50,000 as a part of their Identity Bounty Program.

After my [Instagram account takeover vulnerability](#), I was searching for similar loopholes in other services. I found Microsoft is also using the similar technique to reset user's password so I decided to test them for any rate limiting vulnerability.

5# Password reset code brute-force

https://www.pentagrid.ch/en/blog/password-reset-code-brute-force-vulnerability-in-aws-cognito

## Password reset code brute-force vulnerability in AWS Cognito

Pentagrid AG — 2021-04-30 10:00

The password reset function of AWS Cognito allows attackers to change the account password if a six-digit number (reset code) sent out by E-mail is correctly entered. By using concurrent HTTP request techniques, it was shown that an attacker can do more guesses on this number than mentioned in the AWS documentation (1587 instead of 20). If the attack succeeds and the attacked accounts do not have multi-factor authentication enabled, a full take-over of the attacked AWS Cognito user accounts would have been possible. The issue was fixed by AWS on 2021-04-20.

### Impact

An attacker who guessed the correct reset code can set a new password for the attacked AWS Cognito account. This allows attackers to take over the account that is not using additional multi-factor authentication.

[Mut21b][Osp21]

# Can you spot the race condition?

```
1 $res = mysql_query('SELECT credit FROM Users WHERE id=$id');
2 $row = mysql_fetch_assoc($res);
3
4 if ($row['credit'] >= $_POST['amount']) {
5     $new_credit = $row['credit'] - $_POST['amount'];
6     $res = mysql_query('UPDATE Users SET credit=$new_credit WHERE id=$id');
7 }
```

$\Delta t$  = race window [ms]

- Similar code samples can be found in the official PHP-Docs [Ras21]
- several processes could access the resource 'credit' at the same time

→ How to fix it?

- Lock before line 2 and an unlock after line 6
  - No other thread can access or tamper the values
- Append the condition to the UPDATE: 'AND credit=\$row['credit']'
  - You don't update the column 'credit' if it got tampered
- Use a 'SELECT FOR UPDATE' statement if possible





# Vulnerable web app



## 3 Attack scenarios

... inspired by real attack scenarios:

- Challenge 1: Bank transfer / withdraw money
  - CVSS Base Score: 6.5 (Medium)
- Challenge 2: Vote submission / "Like" indication
  - CVSS Base Score: 6.5 (Medium)
- Challenge 3: Login using 2-factor authentication
  - CVSS Base Score: 7.5 (High)





# Try it by your own

- Open Source on GitHub
- PHP, MariaDB, Docker Compose

<https://github.com/JavanXD/Raceocat/>

**Vulnerable Web App**

There are three challenges, all of them vulnerable to race conditions. You can try to exploit the race condition weaknesses with tools such as [Raceocat](#).

*RACE\_WINDOW* is **50 ms**.  
For this testing environment a artificially race window might be required because this application is created with a small sample data set. By increasing the *RACE\_WINDOW* value you can simulate a slow webserver or a unperformant database and increase your chances. You can change or disable it by adding `?race_window=0` (in microseconds) as parameter.

**Challenge 1: Bank account withdraw**

You can withdraw only enough money so that your bank account is not in the negative. Your bank account can not overspend.

[View bank account balance of accountID 1](#)  
[View bank account balance of accountID 2](#)  
Action: [Withdraw 500€ from accountID 1](#)

Current balance: 250 €

**Challenge 2: Multiple poll votes**



# Can we detect or prevent Race Conditions?

- Do any of our Secure-SDLC practices help?
- I tried **hard**....
  - WAF, RASP, SAST, DAST

## Conclusion:

- Race condition vulnerabilities go undetected and are exploited despite the deployed in-depth measures.

The screenshot shows a static analysis tool interface. The main window displays a list of issues, with a summary bar indicating 'All (2) Suppressed (0)'. Below this, two issues are listed: '\_mysql.php:6 (Password Management: Hardcode)' and 'phpinfo.php:2 (System Information Leak: External)'. The right-hand pane shows 'Project Summary' for 'phpinfo.php', including details like 'Build ID: php', 'Files: 7', and 'Executable LOC: 107'. A 'Files' section lists '\_mysql.php', '\_vars.php', and a folder 'challenges (3)' containing 'poc1.php', 'poc2.php', and 'poc3.php', along with 'index.php' and 'phpinfo.php'.

[Ras21]



# Attack tool

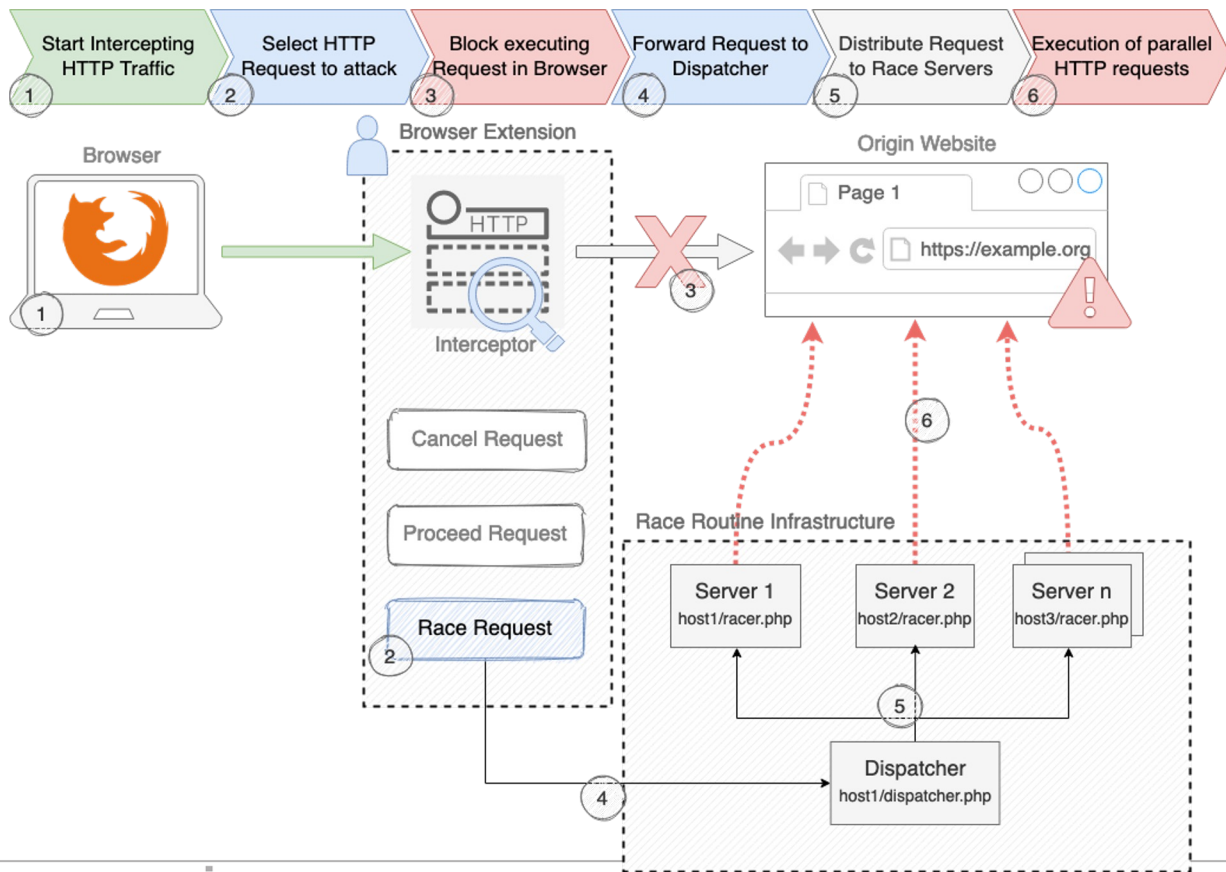


# Current attack tool landscape

- Tools: rc-exploit (2015), Race-the-Web (2016), RacePWN (2017), Sakurity Racer (2017), Burp Turbo Intruder
- Two types of sending parallel requests
  - Parallel
    - Each HTTP-Request in its own connection
    - Often last Byte of the HTTP chunk is sent delayed ("Last Byte-Sync") [LB17]
  - Pipeline
    - Glue multiple HTTP-Requests into one TCP frame/connection
- curl
  - Instead of chaining multiple curl requests (curl & curl & curl...)
  - You can use `-parallel/-z` and `-next` flag which got introduced in 2019 with v 7.68.0 [Ste19]



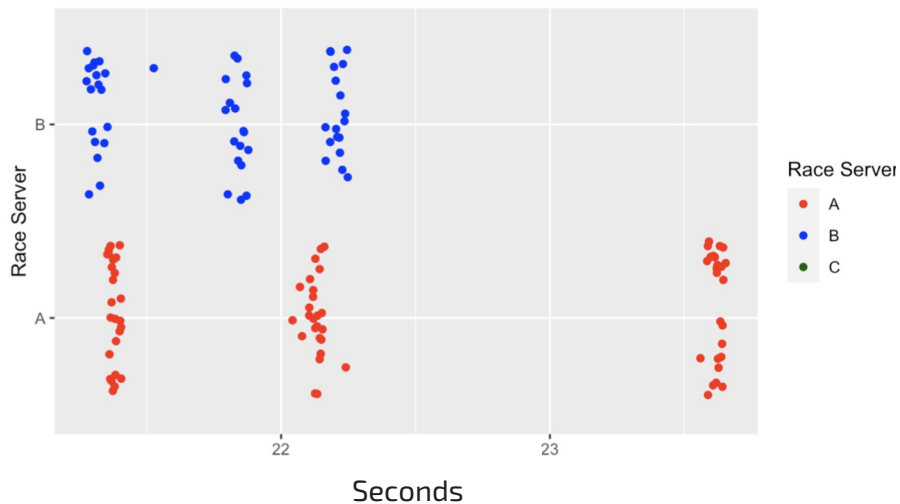
# Proposed attack tool architecture



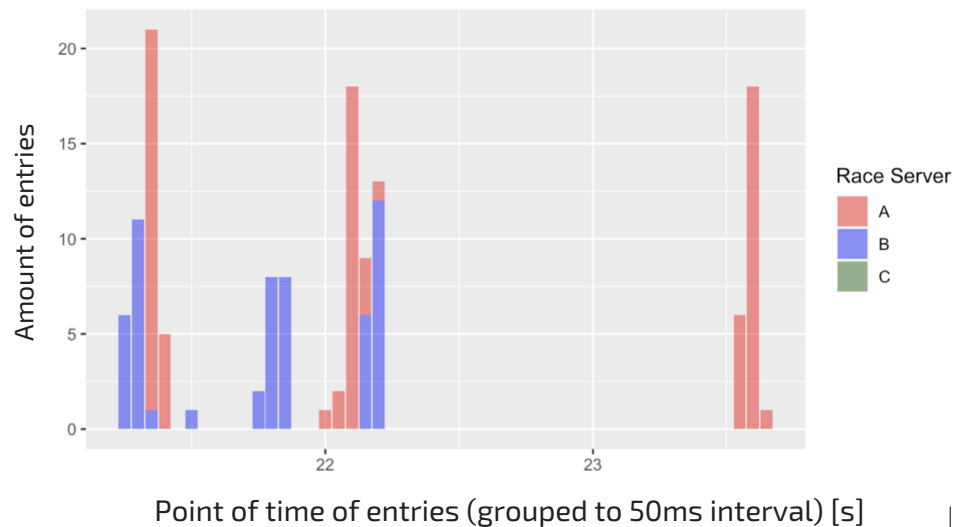
[Ras21]

# Research

## Origin and Timestamp of HTTP-Requests



## Time Distribution and Origin of HTTP-Requests



Test case: 1.92ms average elapse between processed requests.

[Ras21]



Demo time!

# Vulnerable Web App

There are three challenges, all of them vulnerable to race conditions. You can

`RACE_WINDOW` is 50 ms.

For this testing environment a artificially race window might be required but you can change or disable it by adding `?race_window=0` (in microseconds) as parameter.

## Challenge 1: Bank account withdraw

You can withdraw only enough money so that your bank account is not in the red.

[View bank account balance of accountID 1](#)

[View bank account balance of accountID 2](#)

Action: [Withdraw 500€ from accountID 1](#)

## Challenge 2: Multiple poll votes

You are only allowed to like a postingID once. Similar to a facebook post comment.

[View all the likes of postingID 1](#)

Action: [Like postingID 1 with userID 5](#)

The posting with postingID 1 was liked by the following people:

- Liked by userID 2
- Liked by userID 1
- Liked by userID 5
- Liked by userID 4
- Liked by userID 4
- Liked by userID 4
- Liked by userID 4
- Liked by userID 4

Total likes: 7

## Challenge 3: Brute force 2FA code

To slow down brute forcing attacks you are only allowed to login 5 times per IP.

[View login log for raceme@example.org](#)

Action: [Try to login using 0022 as 2FA code](#)

Action: [Try to login using 0012 as 2FA code](#)

## Debug info

PHP version: 7.4.24

Extension: (Racecat - Race Condition Interceptor) - Start Request Monitoring and Intercepting

### Listen for types

Type	Description
<input type="checkbox"/> beacon	Requests sent through the Beacon API.
<input type="checkbox"/> csp_report	Requests sent to the report-uri given in the Content-Security-Policy header, when an attempt to violate the policy is detected.
<input type="checkbox"/> font	Web fonts loaded for a @font-face CSS rule.
<input type="checkbox"/> image	Resources loaded to be rendered as image, except for imageset on browsers that support that type.
<input type="checkbox"/> imageset	Images loaded by a <picture> element or given in an <img> element's srcset attribute.
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> main_frame	Top-level documents loaded into a tab.
<input type="checkbox"/> media	Resources loaded by a <video> or <audio> element.
<input type="checkbox"/> object	Resources loaded by an <object> or <embed> element.
<input type="checkbox"/> object_subrequest	Requests sent by plugins.
<input type="checkbox"/> ping	Requests sent to the URL given in a hyperlink's ping attribute, when the hyperlink is followed.
<input type="checkbox"/> script	Code that is loaded to be executed by a <script> element or running in a Worker.
<input type="checkbox"/> speculative	A TCP/TLS handshake made by the browser when it determines it will need the connection open soon.
<input type="checkbox"/> stylesheet	CSS stylesheets loaded to describe the representation of a document.
<input type="checkbox"/> sub_frame	Documents loaded into an <iframe> or <frame> element.
<input type="checkbox"/> web_manifest	Web App Manifests loaded for websites that can be installed to the homescreen.
<input type="checkbox"/> websocket	Requests initiating a connection to a server through the WebSocket API.
<input type="checkbox"/> xbl	XBL bindings loaded to extend the behavior of elements in a document.
<input type="checkbox"/> xml_dtd	DTDs loaded for an XML document.
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> xmlhttprequest	Requests sent by an XMLHttpRequest object or through the Fetch API.
<input type="checkbox"/> xslt	XSLT stylesheets loaded for transforming an XML document.
<input type="checkbox"/> other	Resources that aren't covered by any other available type.

Monitor only requests who's URL matches:

Monitor requests only from this tab:

Start live request monitoring?



# Conclusion



# Conclusion

- Testing needs a good understanding of your business logic
- Sometimes the only way to find them... is a pentest
  - Secure-SDLC practices have not proved to be helpful
  - Spread awareness, include it in your pentesting scope
- Still as mentioned by MITRE a “research gap” [Cor06a]
- Use a distributed attack architecture
  - Find the proposed tool on GitHub: <https://github.com/JavanXD/Raceocat/>



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Thank You!

#HITB2022SIN



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Backup slides