REFERENCE THIS:
SANDBOX EVASION USING VBA REFERENCING
WHO ARE WE

Amit Dori  
Security Researcher, Votiro
- 28 years old from Tel-Aviv.
- BSC in Computer Science, BA in Psychology from TAU.
- Formerly researched Exploit Kits at Check Point.
- Skate, swim, guitar.

Aviv Grafi  
CEO, Votiro
- Graduate of Israeli Army’s elite 8200 intelligence unit.
- Over 15 years of experience in telecommunications and InfoSec.
- Inventor of Votiro’s enterprise protection solutions.
- BSC in Computer Science, BA in economics, MBA from TAU.
- Sushi, running, quiet walks along the beach.
ABSTRACT

Sandbox had become a standard security solution in organizations nowadays which makes it a prime target.

This talk will demonstrate a new way to perform sandbox evasion.

In contrast to common evasion techniques, our technique doesn’t require code execution to detect the sandbox environment.
ABSTRACT

Evasion
- Sandbox Evasion techniques
- VBA Referencing

Detection
- Sandbox-user Differences
- Server-Side Sandbox Detection
RELEVANT BACKGROUND

We assume familiarity with the following concepts:

1. VBA macros
2. Office Protected View
3. Sandbox solutions
4. Tracking pixels
SANDBOX EVASION

With the introduction of the sandbox, malware authors have introduced Sandbox Evasion.

The term is used to describe all the techniques utilized to identify a sandbox, trick it, manipulate it and evade it.
SANDBOX EVASION TECHNIQUES

Detect the sandbox: detect virtualization
Hypervisor, Virtualization DLLs, Side channels, unusual hardware

Detect the sandbox: Artificial Environment
Username, Cookies and browser history, recent file count, screen resolution, Old vulnerabilities, Running processes
SANDBOX EVASION
SANDBOX EVASION TECHNIQUES

Evade the sandbox: Defeat the Monitor
Remove hooks, work around hooks, delay execution

Evade the sandbox: Context Aware
Require user interaction, check date and time-zone, encrypted payload
SANDBOX EVASION

All of the mentioned techniques, require code execution (sandbox-side) in order to collect the data and analyze it.

As a result, most of these techniques can be identified by static analysis tools which will flag the file as suspicious prior to execution.

Furthermore, the actions executed to fingerprint the system are flagged as evasion techniques - which immediately raise a warning flag.
VBA
REFERENCING
WHAT IS VBA REFERENCING?

In order to truly understand the capabilities of VBA macros, one must dive into the macros bible: MS-OVBA document.

[MS-OVBA]:
Office VBA File Format Structure
Intellectual Property Rights Notice for Open Specifications Documentation
Technical Documentation. Microsoft publishes Open Specifications documentation for protocols, file formats, languages, standards as well as overviews of the interaction among each of these technologies.
The **MS-OVBA**, Office VBA File Format Structure, specifies the Office VBA File Format Structure, AKA `vbaProject.bin`.

MS-OVBA specifies the structure of this binary and all of its features and attributes.
WE’RE NOT THE FIRST TO HUNT HERE

In “Analysis of the attack surface of Microsoft Office from user perspective” by Mr. Haifei Li, a RCE flaw in the VBA engine is shown.

It appears that VBA engine accepts a path to a remote .tlb file, which will be fetched and loaded into Word upon execution.
Another previously unexplored section of the MS-OVBA document is of PROJECTREFERENCES, which allows a VBA project to fetch and execute VBA macros, found in a remote project.

2.3.4.2.2. PROJECTREFERENCES Records

Specifies the external REFERENCES of the VBA project as a variably sized array of reference (section 2.3.4.2.2.1). The termination of the array is indicated by the beginning of PROJECTMODULES (section 2.3.4.2.3), with is indicated by a REFERENCE (section 2.3.4.2.2.1) being followed by an unsigned 16-bit integer with a value of 0x000F.
VBA REFERENCES

| 0000002 | 003 | Array of bytes – LibidAbsolute | *\cc:\Example Path\Example-ReferenceProject.xls |

It appears as if one can provide an absolute(or relative) path to an Office file and use its VBA project.
VBA REFERENCING TRIALS

Click Here

Microsoft Visual Basic for Applications

The macros in this project are disabled. Please refer to the online help or documentation of the host application to determine how to enable macros.

OK  Help
VBA REFERENCING TRIALS

Microsoft PowerPoint Security Notice

Microsoft Office has identified a potential security concern.

Warning: It is not possible to determine that this content came from a trustworthy source. You should leave this content disabled unless the content provides critical functionality and you trust its source.

File Path: \192.168.11.187\sharedFolder\refme2.ppam

Macros have been disabled. Macros might contain viruses or other security hazards. Do not enable this content unless you trust the source of this file.

More information

Enable Macros  Disable Macros
VBA REFERENCING DEMO
VBA REFERENCING DEMO

It seems that VBA REFERENCING works, and is most silent in Excel.
CRAFTING AN ATTACK
STACKING IT UP

So, VBA projects can fetch code from remote VBA projects.

An attacker can create a document which will fetch a VBA project from his server.

Wouldn’t it be very cool if we (as attackers) could identify the environment issuing the requests and respond accordingly?
In order to prevent this, a sandbox must be AUTOMATIC: the process happens without interaction from users/admins.

FAST: the sandbox uses a time limit alongside further optimizations.

SECURE-LESS: most security mitigations are disabled.
STACKING IT UP

So when a user opens a document with VBA referencing:

1. Document Open
2. Disable Protected View
3. VBA Engine Load
4. VBA Referencing occurs

Sandbox have disabled Protected View in advance, so it looks like:

1. Document Open
2. Disable Protected View
3. VBA Engine Load
4. VBA Referencing occurs
STACKING IT UP

Protected View blocks macro execution until disabled.
In fact, it disables the VBA engine as a whole.

However, Protected View is not just for code!
It tackles various other objects from being loaded!
WHAT IS EXTERNAL CONTENT, AND WHY ARE WEB BEACONS A POTENTIAL THREAT?

External content is any content that is linked from the Internet or an intranet to a workbook or presentation. Some examples of external content are images, linked media, data connections, and templates.

Hackers can use external content as Web beacons. Web beacons send back, or beacon, information from your computer to the server that hosts the external content. Types of Web beacons include the following:

**Images** - A hacker sends a workbook or presentation for you to review that contains images. When you open the file, the image is downloaded and information about the file is beaconed back to the external server.

**Linked media** - A hacker sends you a presentation as an attachment in an email message. The presentation contains a media object, such as a sound, that is linked to an external server. When you open the presentation in Microsoft PowerPoint, the media object is played and in turn executes code that runs a malicious script that harms your computer.

**Data connections** - A hacker creates a workbook and sends it to you as an attachment in an email message. The workbook contains code that pulls data from or pushes data to a database. The hacker does not have permissions to the database, but you do. As a result, when you open the workbook in Microsoft Excel, the code executes and accesses the database by using your credentials. Data can be accessed or changed without your knowledge or consent.
STACKING IT UP

In order to provide protection to the user, Protected View loads objects in a specific order.

Considering Protected View is **enabled**, it will first load all non-executable objects (external content for example):

![Protected View Warning]

Only then it will prompt for the VBA engine and other executables:

![Security Warning]

HITB Amsterdam 2018: 11.4 – 14.4
STACKING IT UP

This is in complete contrast to what happens when Protected View is disabled.

First, the VBA engine would load causing VBA referencing.

Then, the rest of the document’s content would load.
SERVER-SIDE SANDBOX DETECTION

We plan on using this difference to detect the sandbox on the attacker’s side.

We chose to use a linked image, a sort of tracking pixel, which will serve as a “baseline”.
SERVER-SIDE SANDBOX DETECTION

With the addition of the tracking pixel, our detection scheme is done.

When a sandbox is used, Protected View is disabled:

- Document Open
- VBA Engine load
- VBA Referencing
- Load Image

When a user opens the document, Protected View is enabled:

- User Clicks Enable Editing
- Load Image
- User Clicks Enable Content
- VBA Engine load
- VBA Referencing
- = Protected View

HITB Amsterdam 2018: 11.4 – 14.4
SERVER-SIDE SANDBOX DETECTION

```python
def detect(requests):
    if requests['VBA code'] is before requests['image']:
        return sandbox
    else if requests['image'] is before requests['VBA code']:
        return user
```
function respond(verdict):
    if verdict is sandbox:
        return benign VBA project
    else if verdict is user:
        return malicious VBA project
SANDBOX FLOW

Looking at this from a sandbox’s point-of-view:

1. Document Open
2. VBA Referencing
3. Attacker’s Response
4. Load Image
5. Attacker’s Response

ATTACKER’S SERVER

VBA Referencing Request before or after Image request?
USER FLOW

Looking at this from a user’s point-of-view:

1. Document Open
2. User Clicks Enable Editing
3. Load Image
4. Attacker’s Response
5. User Clicks Enable Content

ATTACKER’S SERVER

VBA Referencing Request before or after Image request?

VBA Referencing

HITB Amsterdam 2018: 11.4 – 14.4
COMMERCIAL SANDBOX SOLUTIONS

We’ve tested 7 leading sandboxes against our evasion.

• All were evaded successfully

• Some block SMB on the sandbox... even better!

• Others didn’t consider to inspect what came inbound on SMB

• There’s more to test.. Consider PDF JavaScript referencing
MITIGATIONS

- Block FTP / SMB inbound/outbound traffic on user
  
  *Don’t block FTP/SMB traffic in your sandbox, as you’ll miss a lot of action

- Rethink your sandbox solution architecture design, might need to consider fundamental changes

- Consider restricting Internet access to Office products

- CDR - Content disarm and reconstruction
SUMMARY

• Sandbox has to dismiss Protected View to avoid becoming a bottleneck.

• VBA referencing enables us to fetch code from remote machines.

• Combining these together we can take advantage of sandbox optimizations and VBA features to achieve sandbox detection and evasion.

• The whole process is using legitimate features of a sandbox and VBA. We didn’t break anything.
SUMMARY

• Identifying key differences between user and sandbox behavior enables server-side sandbox detection

• By utilizing code referencing alongside such detection, one can achieve sandbox evasion

• Since sandboxes are trusted with high confidence, a successful sandbox evasion usually means user infection
THANK YOU!

Amit Dori

@_AmitDori_

Amit.Dori@votiro.com

Aviv Grafi

@avivgrafi